



BEST AVAILABLE COPY



PRIORITY DOCUMENT

SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN
COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)

The Patent Office

Concept House

Cardiff Road

Newport

South Wales

NP10 8QQ

REC'D 28 JUN 2004

WIPO

PC

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

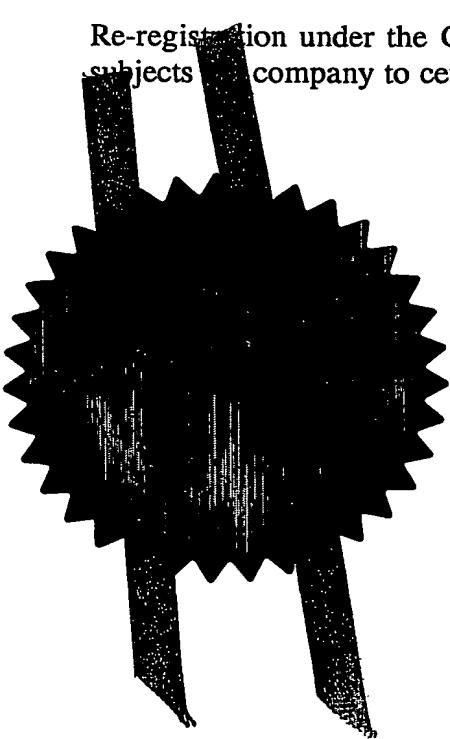
In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.

Signed

Dated 18 May 2004





1777
19APR03 E00218-002890
P01/7790 0000-0308951.3

Request for grant of a patent

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)

The Patent Office

 Cardiff Road
Newport
South Wales
NP9 1RH

1. Your reference

PJF01580GB

2. Patent application number

(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0308951.3

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Azea Networks Ltd.

 Bates House
Church Road
Harold Wood, Romford
Essex, RM3 0SD

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

8529455001

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

UK

4. Title of the invention

TOP-FLAT SPECTRUM DATA FORMAT FOR Nx40 Gbit/s WDM TRANSMISSION WITH 0.8 Bit/s/Hz SPECTRAL EFFICIENCY

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

Gill Jennings & Every

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

 Broadgate House
7 Eldon Street
London
EC2M 7LH

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

745002 ✓

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number
(if you know it)Date of filing
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

YES

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
- c) any named applicant is a corporate body.

See note (d))

Patents Form 1/77

9. Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form.
Do not count copies of the same document

Continuation sheets of this form	0
Description	4
Claim(s)	0
Abstract	0
Drawing(s)	6 <i>16</i>

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents	-
Translations of priority documents	-
Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)	0
Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)	0
Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)	

Any other documents
(please specify)

NO

11. For the applicant I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.
Gill Jennings & Every

Signature

Date

Gill Jennings & Every 17 April 2003

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom FINNIE, Peter John
020 7377 1377

Warning

After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be prohibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction prohibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

Notes

- If you need help to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 0645 500505.
- Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

TOP-FLAT SPECTRUM DATA FORMAT FOR Nx40 Gbit/s WDM TRANSMISSION WITH 0.8 Bit/s/Hz SPECTRAL EFFICIENCY

We examine a signal format with top-flat spectrum and corresponding sinc temporal profile resonantly placed over few time slots. Due to sharp decay of the spectrum such a format has low cross talks in dense WDM transmission. A feasibility of WDM transmission at 40 Gb/s channel rate over 1200 km without FEC with spectral efficiency of 0.8 bit/s/Hz (without polarization division multiplexing) is confirmed by numerical modelling.

10 *Introduction.* Rapidly growing aggregate capacity of optical communication systems places special emphasis on the spectral efficiency of data transmission. Transmission with densely spaced channels at high bit rates (40 Gb/s and more) is an attractive technology that has progressed rapidly during last few years [1-4]. New data formats have been suggested recently aiming to find an optimal balance between cross-talks, resistance to noise and

15 nonlinear impairments. Dense channel spacing predominantly assumes narrow filtering of signal to suppress cross-talks. This, however, produces a corresponding corruption of signal in time domain. Transmission of band-limited signal has already been studied for return-to-zero (RZ) signal at 40 Gb/s channel rate [5]. However, a temporal shape of the carrier pulse was not specifically controlled in [5]. In this Letter we examine Nx40 Gb/s WDM transmission

20 using data format with top-flat spectrum over bandwidth B and temporal profile $\text{sinc}(\pi B t)$. To produce a carrier with such a temporal form, it is proposed to send very short (1.7 ps in this particular case) pulses through band-limiting optical filter. Due to sharp decay of the spectrum outside the signal band, transmission channel with such a carrier has high tolerance against narrow filtering. On the other hand, an overlap between neighbouring bits

25 in the time domain leads to strong patterning effects. Using sinc-shaped pulses it is possible to suppress impact of neighbouring bits by positioning periodic zeroes of $\text{sinc}(\pi B t)$ in the center of time slots.

op-flat spectrum data format. To produce sinc-shaped carrier with top flat spectrum, short (1.7 ps) Gaussian pulses has been sent through the super-Gaussian optical filter. Figure 1 shows temporal profile of the pulse before (top) and after the optical filter. Note that the zeroes of $\text{sinc}(\pi Bt)$ are adjusted to the middle of time slots reducing corruption of eye for the 5 neighbouring bits.

Figure 2 illustrates how WDM signal is formed using top-flat spectrum carrier signal. Top picture shows pulse spectrum before applying optical filter (shown for selected channel 10 below the top). Next two figures depict signal spectrum after band-limited filtering at the transmitter and mixed WDM channels after propagation over 980 km (bottom).

Important features of band-limited sinc-shaped pulses are illustrated by Fig. 3 where eye-diagram of the signal at the transmitter is plotted. Here optical filter is shifted by - 4 GHz 15 against the center of the signal spectrum (as shown in Fig. 2). It is seen that due to resonance locations of $\text{sinc}(\pi Bt)$ zeroes the eye can be kept relatively open even in the presence of strong patterning effects caused by slow decay of sinc-shaped pulses. Note that the waveform of top-flat spectrum sinc-shaped data format shown in Fig. 3 is very different from both the band-limited RZ signal considered in [5] and from NRZ waveform.

20

Transmission simulations. As a particular example, without loss of generality we examine performance of the band-limited sinc-shaped pulses in Nx40 Gb/s WDM transmission with 50 GHz channel spacing. As an illustrative example we consider a periodic symmetric dispersion map SMF (20 km) + DCF (6.8 km) + SMF (20 km) + EDFA with the total length of 25 46.8 km. Parameters of the fibers are as follows (a) SMF: dispersion at 1550 nm $D = 17$ ps/nm/km, slope $S = 0.07$ ps/nm/nm/km, $A_{\text{eff}} = 80 \mu\text{m}^2$, loss 0.2 dB/km; and (b) DCF: $D = -100$ ps/nm/km at 1550 nm, slope $S = -0.41$ ps/nm/nm/km, $A_{\text{eff}} = 19 \mu\text{m}^2$, loss 0.65 dB/km; EDFA has a noise figure of 4.5 dB. Span average dispersion has been optimized with the

best performance observed at $\langle D \rangle = -0.03 \text{ ps/nm/km}$. Transmission of 8 WDM channels located from 1548.78 nm with 50 GHz separation has been modelled. MUX and DEMUX are made of optical super-Gaussian filters (6 order) with the bandwidth 40 GHz and possible detuning (optimized at the transmitter and the receiver) across the channel. Very short 1.7 ps pulses with 57 mW peak power have been filtered by optical filter of 40 GHz bandwidth producing band-limited sinc-shaped pulses (as shown in Fig. 1) with the averaged power of -5dBm. Received signals are directly detected with conventional 40 Gb/s receiver with Butterworth electrical filter having bandwidth of 50 GHz. A system performance has been analysed in terms of maximum propagation distance corresponding to a linear $Q > 6$.

10

Figure 4 shows the error-free transmission distance as a function of the filter detuning. Note that the optimal detuning is sensitive to the optical filter shape. For instance, using super-Gaussian filter of the sixth order it can be found that the optimal detuning is shifted to -6 GHz. We would like to emphasize that the technique of narrow-bandwidth filtering and 15 exploitation of band-limited modulation format requires optimal combination of optical filter detuning and electrical filtering.

Figures 5,6 show optical signal after transmission over 1200 km (the best regime in Fig. 4). Figure 5 depicts an optical eye diagram for the worst channel and Fig. 6 shows WDM spectra 20 after 1200 km.

Conclusions. We have examined band-limited signal format with sinc-shaped temporal profile resonantly placed over few time slots. Sharp decay of the spectrum and corresponding suppression of WDM cross-talks has allowed to achieve spectral efficiency of 0.8 bit/s/Hz 25 with equally polarized channels. A feasibility of WDM transmission at 40 Gb/s channel rate over 1200 km without FEC with spectral efficiency of 0.8 bit/s/Hz is confirmed by numerical modelling.

References

1. T. Ito et al: '6.4 Tb/s (160x40 Gb/s) WDM transmission experiment with 0.8 bit/s/Hz spectral efficiency', Proc. ECOC'2000, 2000, Paper PD1.1.
- 5 2. C. Rasmussen et al: 'DWDM 40 G transmission over trans-Pacific distance (10,000 km) using CSRZ-DPSK, enhanced FEC and all-Raman amplified 100 km UltraWave fiber spans', Proc. OFC'2003, 2003, PD18-1.
3. S. Bigo et al: '5.12 Tbit/s (128 x 40 Gbit/s WDM) transmission over 3x100 km of teralight fiber', Proc. ECOC'2000, 2000, Paper PD1.2.
- 10 4. B. Zhu et al: ' 6.4 Tb/s (160x42.7 Gb/s) transmission with 0.8 bit/s/Hz spectral efficiency over 32x100 km of fiber using CSRZ-DPSK format', Proc. OFC'2003, 2003, PD19-1.
5. I. Morita, T. Tsuritani and N. Edagawa: 'Experimental study on optically band-limited 40-Gb/s RZ signals with optically time division multiplexing receiver', IEEE JLT, 2002, 20(12), pp.2182-2188.

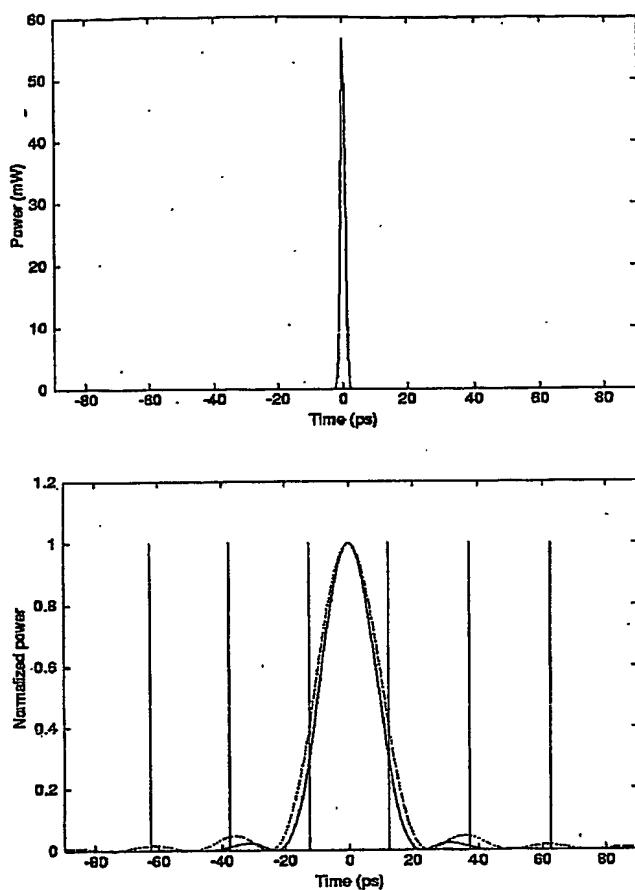


Fig. 1. Signal waveform before (top) and after (bottom) ideal square-like (dashed line) and 6-order super-Gaussian (solid line) optical filter

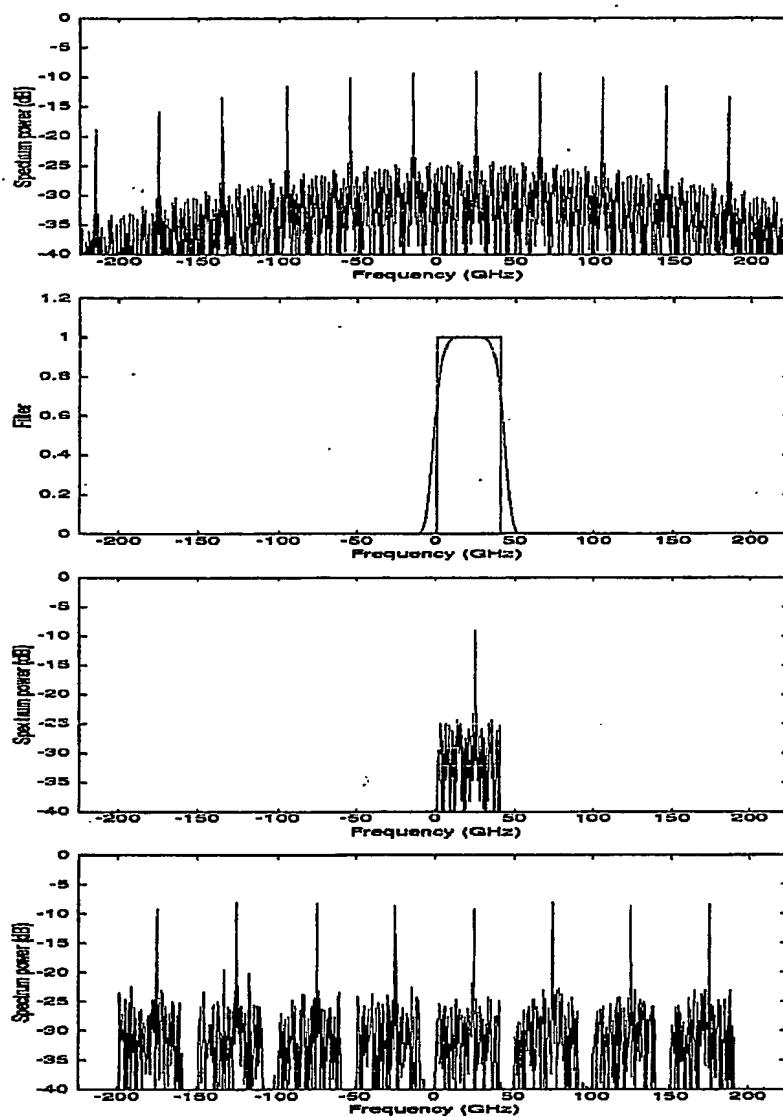


Fig. 2. From the top to the bottom: spectrum of the input short pulse before filtering (top); filter profile- ideal (solid) and super-Gaussian 6-th order (dashed); carrier spectrum after filtering; and WDM channels at the receiver (after 980 km) (bottom).

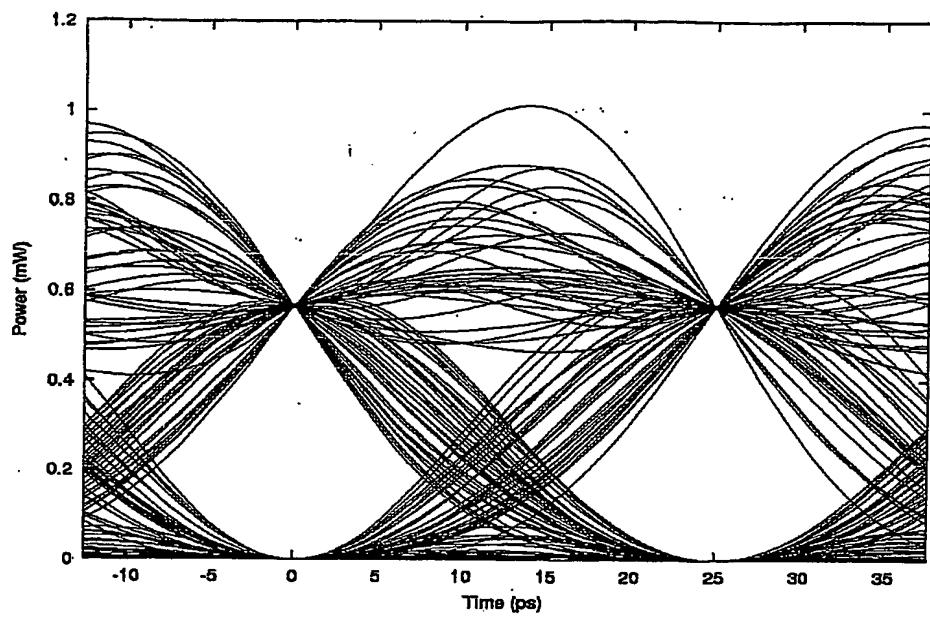


Fig. 3. Eye diagram of the input pseudo-random pattern constructed with sinc-shaped pulses.

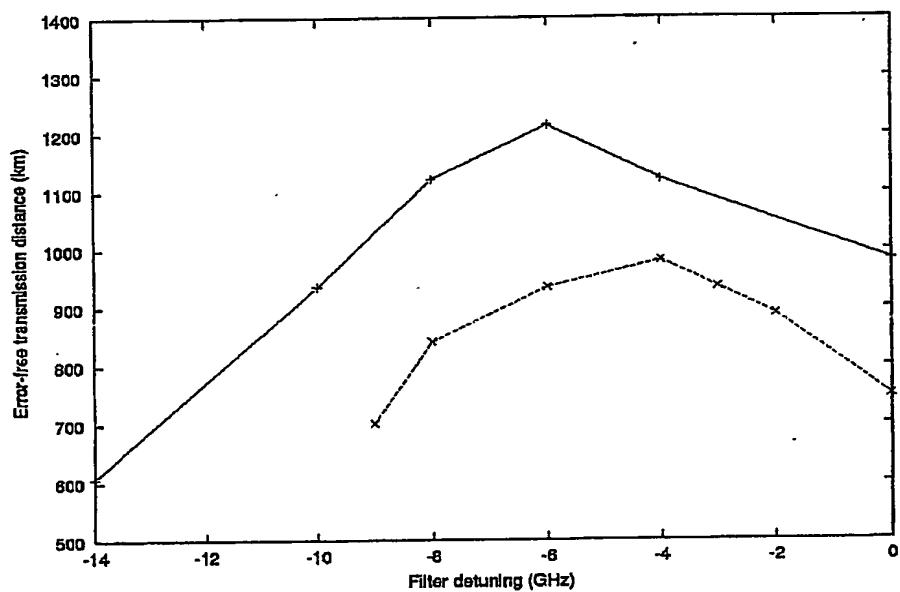


Fig. 4. Error-free transmission distance as a function of the optical filter detuning. Dashed line – ideal square-like filter; solid line – super-Gaussian filter of 6-th order.

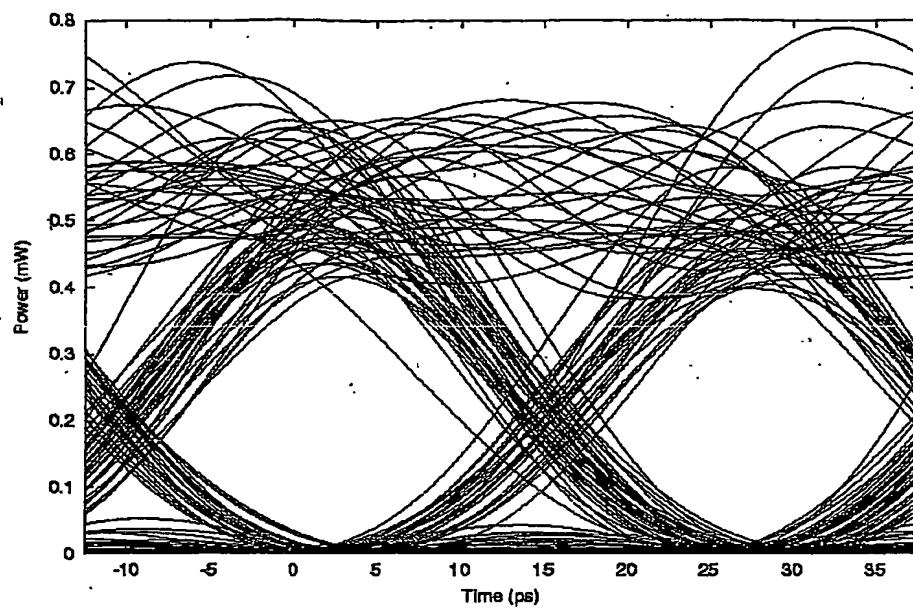


Fig. 5. Optical eye diagram after transmission over 1200 km
(super-Gaussian filter 6-th order, detuning -6 GHz as described in the text).

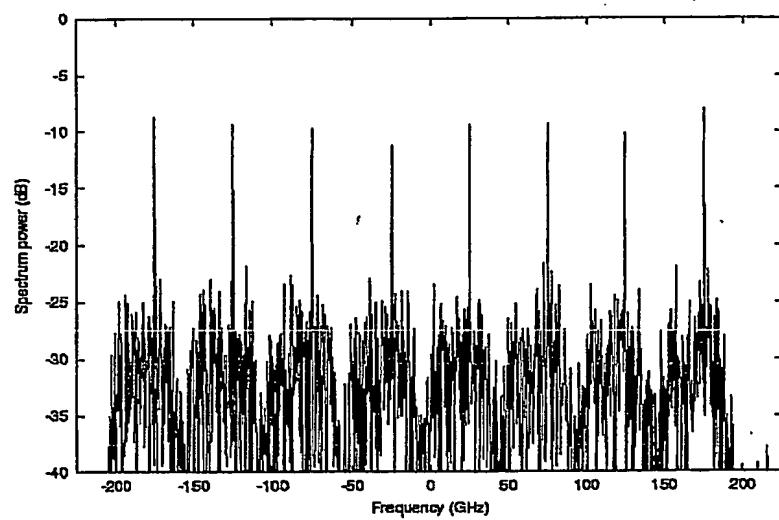


Fig. 6. WDM power spectra after transmission over 1200 km (same parameters as in Fig. 5).

This Page Blank (uspto)

PCT/GB2004/001668



**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- BLACK BORDERS**
- IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES**
- FADED TEXT OR DRAWING**
- BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING**
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES**
- COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS**
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS**
- LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT**
- REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY**
- OTHER:** _____

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.